Any one who has tried to borrow money on land will know that there is no security upon which people are less inclined to lend money; and if the farmers get money easily they will, in many cases, be ruined and bring the bank down with them. The same thing brought banks—the re-constructed banks -down last year. My opinion of the Land Bank is: wipe out the miserable Homesteads Act. It is an attempt to settle the people on a paltry 160 acres of land, on which a Chinaman would not be able to live, and over which you could barely swing an animal round. If you want to encourage settlement on the land you should give at least 500 acres. What are 160 acres? Some people say that the land is locked up in the big estates, but many holders would be very glad to get rid of their land. I have had some personal experience in reference to the construction of the Eastern Railway; and I bought land to an amount which would pay for two miles of the line. We must, therefore, not always look at what a railway will bring in, but we must also look at the amount of land sold and the increase in the settlement. The Hon. Mr. Henty said that the goldfields were the backbone of the country. No doubt they are a great assistance, but the settlement of the land is really the thing.
THE HON. E. W. DAVIES: Unaccus-

tomed, sir, to Parliamentary life, and with lots to learn, I thought it more desirable to listen than to express my views on the excellent Speech delivered to us yesterday. I will, however, say a few words. I think with other hon. members we may congratulate ourselves on the satisfactory position of the country. No doubt this is due largely to the finds at the Coolgardie goldfields, but while we are a happy family, it is well we should have some one to control us, and I think the country might have been in a very much worse position had we not had the present men at the helm. I thoroughly approve of the proposed railway to Coolgardie, and as to the Murchison line, although it is a long one, we have the assurance of the Premier that it is justified, and we cannot do better than accept the testimony of a gentleman of his experience. With reference to the proposed Collie line. I remember that a very few years ago this field was booming. A steamboat was supposed to be run between Fremantle and Geraldton with the coal from this field, and the shares went up £20 each. But it was afterwards stated by some of the crew of the vessel that they had not used the Collie coal at all. If the Government can prove that these coalfields are capable of a yield which is good in quality and sufficient in quantity to justify the line, I will not be averse to supporting it. As to the line to the tinfields, the Government have also to prove that there is a sufficient quantity

of tin to justify the line.
THE HON. J. W. HACKETT: The line is not to Greenbushes but to Bridgetown.

THE HON. E. W. DAVIES: As to the Land Bank, I would like more information before expressing an opinion on the proposal. With regard to the borrowing of one and a half millions of money, the increased population, consequent upon the continued finds on the goldfields, will justify the Government, I think, in going again to the Home market. We have now 75,000 people, and I hope we shall in the next three years have 150,000. I join with the Hon. Mr. Henty in the motion he has put forward, and I hope

it will be agreed to unanimously.

THE HON. T. H. MARSHALL: It is with a certain amount of diffidence that I rise to support the Government policy. I do not support it in its entirety, for there are a few things I certainly object The principal proposal is the borrowing of a million and a half of money. Is it not possible not to have a Land Bank, but to have a State Bank, or raise the money, not by borrowing at home at 41 per cent., but by issuing notes on the Western Australian Government, and making the banks keep half their reserves in West Australian notes? Hon. members will see that New Zealand has quite recently issued notes to the extent of a million pounds on exactly the same terms. Why should not Western Australia do it? New Zealand has a large population, it is true, but we have just as able men here at the head of affairs as in New Zealand. There are a number of works proposed, but as the Hon. Mr. Hackett says, a discussion upon them now is premature. We cannot do anything untilas the Hon. Mr. Hackett has very properly pointed out-we have more statistics before us to show what is going to be